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WASHINGTON, D. C., SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10, 1895 .-- TWENTY PAGES.

## SIXTEEN PAGES OF NEWS EVERY 12 HOURS. 12-3 CTS. A DAY

# Turkey's Dissolution the Sign for a Gigantic Conflict.

LORD SALISBURY'S SPEACH

At the Lord Mayor's Banquet the British Premier Gives Cautious Utterangero His Views of the Situation Great Powers Forced to Act Jointly by the Necessities of the Case.

London, Nov. 9. - The usual banquet givet by the Lord Mayor, opon his installation in office, took place tonight in the Guild Hall, the occasion being the taking over of the chief magistracy of the city of Lon don, by Sir Walter Henry Wilkin, the suc cessor of Sir Joseph Renals. It is the custom for the prime minister and other members of the cabinet to attend the ban quet, and for the prime minister to map more or less distinctly, the programme of the government. The greatest interest centered in tonight's banquet, as it was known that Lord Salisbury would be present and that he would throw some light on Great Britain's foreign relations and policy, more particularly the course that would be followed in the case of Turkey, whose contamacious behavior has led to

When the Lord Mayor toasted the minis ters Lord Salisbury arose to respond. He touched briefly upon affairs in China and Japan

PREPARED FOR WAR OR PEACE. "Depend upon it." he said, "whatever may happen in that region, be it in the way of war or the way of commerce, we are equal to any competition that may be are equal to us, and may look with equal absolute equanitoity on the action of any persons who think to exclude us from that fertile and commercial region or who im-agine that if we are admitted they can best us in the markets of the world

(Cheers). I should be sorry if we felt undue sensitiveness in the matter. Continuing, he said that there is another part of the world where matters are not so peaceful as he hoped they are in the far east. He recalled the action in May last of east. He resulted the action in May last of the British, French and Russian ambassa-dors at Constantinople, and declared that If was designed to protect the Armenians, whose terrible and deplorable sufferings had moved the feelings of the British nation

The demands made on Turkey by the The demands made on Turkey by the three powers had been substantially accepted by the Sultan. He had seen somewhere, under a great name, the assertion that the Sultan had won a great victory over the British. It could not be called a victory, Lard Salisbary declared, because he had given the British all they wanted. HIS SUBSTITUTE DEMANDS.

There had been an impression abroad that e thinself had added a demand to those he himself had added a demand to those mane in May, requiring something in the nature of an international commission. That was a great mistake. He had never added to the demands. He and offer as a substitute, demands as a simpler way of substitute, demands as a simpler way of obtaining the same end; that, if it was preferred, the present Mohammedan machinery should continue and be supervised by a nuxeu commission. The demands of the embassics were substantially that a proportional number of Christian employes should be added to the executive of the provinces containing a large number

He did not contend that his proposal was the better. The Suitan preferred the other proposal and this naturally fell to the ground. The reason that he preferred to be rid of his proposal to substitute Christian for Mosem officers was his great Christian for Mosiem officers was his great horror of the powers appearing in these cases as partisans of one religion rather than of another. That would be ex-ceedingly dangerous. He remarked that the Queen of Great Britain rules over more Mohammedans than the Sultan, and that the British government would have been neglecting its duty if it allowed itself to appear as a religious partisan in govern-ing so vast an empire. appear as a religious partisan in govern-ing so vast an empire.

The government had no other duty than

show absolute impartiality. Its desire was to do entire justice so that Christians and Mosiems should observe each others' rights and pursue their own industries in contidence and peace SULTAN NOT SINCERE.

SULTAN NOT SINCERE.

Continuing, Lord Salisbury said: "I should have been glad if our proposals could have divested the negotiations of any appearance of partiality and could have assured our Moslem reliew subjects, who are among the most loyal and orderly subjects of the Outer, that they may rely on the imperial government being abso-lutely impartial."

gotiations if the reforms are carried int effect they would give the Armenians effect they would give the Armemans every prospect that a nation could desire-prosperity, peace, justice and safety to life and property. But will they be car-ried out? If the Sultan can be per-suaded to give justice to the Armenians it will not signify what the exact nature of the undertaking may be. If he will not heartily resolve to do justice to them the most ingenious constitution that can be framed will not avail to protect or asthe Armenians. Only through the Sultan can any real, permanent blessings be

I am bound to say that the news reaching us from Constantinople does not give much cheerfulness in that respect. You will readily understand that I can only speak briefly on such a matter. It would oe dangerous to express the opinions that are on my lips lest they injure the cause of peace and good order, which, above all things, I have at heart.

CONSEQUENCES OF JUSTICE.

"But supposing the Sultan will not give these reforms, what is to follow? The first answer I should give is that above all treaties, all combinations of the powers, in the nature of things, is Providence. God, if you please to put it so, has determined that persistent and constant mis ent must lead the government which follows it to its doom, and while I really admit that it is quite possible that the Sultau, if he likes, can govern with justice and can be persuaded, he is not exempt any more than any other poten tate from the law that injustice will bring

the highest one on earth to ruin.
"It is not only the necessary action of the law of which I speak, on which we may There is the authority of the great Turkey is in the remarkable po sition that she has now stood for haif a century, mainly because the powers re-solved that for the peace of Christendom It was necessary that she should stand. The danger is that if the Ottoman empire old not be merely a danger that is most powerful and civilized in Europe

n a dangerous conflict.

Lord Salisbury deprecated indulging it
he allusion tabt some single power would the allusion taht some single power would escape the treaty and try to settle the question in its own manner. He believes that the powers were never more disposed than now to stand together by the European system they had themselves devised.

EUROPE ON A POWDER KEG Danger existed that the Sultan should imagine that under pressure of necessity the adhesion of the Powers was such that no abuses in the Ottoman Empire would ever receive punishment. That was a great delusion.

ever receive punishment. That was a great delusion.

Lord Salisbury declared that he believed that the powers were thoroughly resolved to co-operate in everything concerning Turkey. How they would act was not for him to prophesy. He did not know what contingencies might arise, but no man would say that it was impossible for them to arise. They might become weary of the cry of suffering that goes up in their ears and find other substitutes for that which does not fulfill the hopes entertained forty years ago. There was therefore nothing in the concert of the powers to console those who would perpetrate misgovernment or to silence the voice of those who would impress on the Ottoman rulers as the one burning necessity of the hour that they give the common blessing of good government to those under them. (Cheers.)

## LEAGUED TO SCUTTLE SHIPS

Sensational Disc'osures Made in the Canadian Conspiracy.

Vessels With Their Cargoes Sunk to Obtain the Insurance Money,

St. Johns, N. F., Nov. 9.—The facts in the latest scandal were published today-It said that a conspiracy has existed for several years among large marine dealers to scuttle vessels and defraud the insurance companies.

The affair promises to assume consider able dimensions. Many thousands of dollars have been thus fraudulently obtained. One

party of conspirators are reported to have scuttled five ships with their cargoes in five years.

A number of prominent business men of the city are involved. The clues were found through the recent smuggling raids. The disclosures have created a profound sensation. The arrest of the rime tendent.

sensation. The arrest of the ring leader is expected on Monday.

### WRECKED AT ELETON.

Trains Come Together and One Man Badly Injured.

Elkton, Md., Nov. 9.-A serious freight wreck occurred on the Philadelphia, Wil mington and Baltimore railroad almos in front of the passenger station at this place this afternoon. While a southbound freight train was

standing on the southbound track taking water, and also to allow northbound passenger trains to pass, an extra freight southbound dashed into it. The cogines were telescoped and two express cars con-taining horses were thrown upon some coal cars immediately back of them

coal cars immediately back of them.
Charles Schuman of Baltimore, who was
riding between the cars on the colliding
train had his left foot crushed so badly
that it had to be amputated. The wreckage
required several hours' work to clear away.

## FROM A SINKING SHIP.

Message of the Captain in a Scaled

Message of the Captain in a Sealed Bottle.

Cape Charles, Va., Nov. 9.—Mr. A. H. Bowle, drug cierk, of this city, while walking along the beach here, yesterday afternoon, found a bottle securely sealed containing a piece of paper upon which was written.

"Off Cape Fear, July 19, 1895, Bark Julia A. Marks, leaking bally, nearly sunk, bound from Baltimore to Cuba, may have to leave her at any time. If not heard from, please report this to Collector of Customs at Baltimore, where we cleared from. She hailed from Bath, Me. Please inform my family in Portland. The one finding this will be The one finding this will be "Captain JOHN MARKS."

# POST-ELECTION QUARREL.

Nebraska Silver Men Say Last Ele

tion Was No Fair Test. Omaha, Neb., Nov. 9 .- An interesting question has arisen among Nebraska Dem-ocrats as a result of the recent election. Mathoday, administration candidate for supreme court, received 14,500 and Phelps, silver man, 8,000 votes. Both went on the ticket under the supreme court ruling as Democrats. The silver men claim this was unfair to their interests and that

it was not a proper test.

The silver men suggest that the silver question be submitted to a primary election in Nebraska. If a majority of the wrote of Nebraska are in favor of the 16 to 1 plank in the next national conven-tion, silver men are to be entitled to the delegation. If the majori of the Democrats of Nebraska are in favor of the present

financial policy, then these Democrats are to have a right to represent the State in the national convention.

The silver Democrats assert that if the gold men refuse to submit the question to a primary election they will be stopped from clouding the representations. from claiming to represent a majority of the Democratic voters. The gold standard Democrats have little to say of the sub-ject, asserting that the election results indicate clearly that the silver Democrats are outnumbered two to one in Nebraska and they think they have nothing to fear in future contests.

Restored by the Faith Cure, Brauford, Pa., Nov. 9.—A special to the Sunday Herald from Lafayette, this county, says Willie Tenny, a paralytic, has been restored to health by the faith cure. A Rev. Mr. Raymond and Mrs. Goldsmitt conducted a revival at Lafayette this week. Tenny went to one of the meetings and during the services it is alleged, be threw away his crutch and cane, de-

claring himself completely healed.

Hurricanes Off the Banks Quebec, Nov. 9 .- A dispatch from Little Metis light says the steamship Canadin has been floated and left for Quebec at 6 o'clock this evening. Incoming and out going steamers have been greatly degoing steamers have been greatly de-layed here today by a snow storm, ac companied by a northeast gale, which almost amounts to a hurricane

Burned by Molten Metal Chicago, Nov. 9.-While three men wer transferring boiler plates this afternoon in the works of the Iroquois Furnace Com pany, at South Chicago, the blast was over thrown and all were seriously burned. The injured are Patrick Moloney, Joseph

#### Boyer, and Thomas Ward. Middles Were Defeated

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 9.—The Naval Academy football team suffered its first defeat of the senson today. The heavy team of the Orange Athletic Club, which recently drew with Yale, defeated the Middles by score of 10 to 6.

New Jersey Grape Juice Sent to

Europe. Europe.

Mr. Speer, of New Jersey, has a reputation extending over the world as being a reliable producer of Oporto Grape Juice and Port Wine. His Oporto Juice and Port Wine are ordered by families in Dresden. London and Paris for their superior medicinal virtues, and blood-making quality, owing to the iron contained in the soil in which the vines grow



# REICHSTAG IN NO HURRY

# It Will Not Engage in Hard Work Until After the Holidays.

OUTLINE OF NEW BUD ET

Forty-seven Socialists and Many Agrarians Will Give the Govern ment No End of Trouble, the Latter Insisting Cpon Government Granaries and Increased Duties

Berlin, Nov. 9.-The announcement of the plans contemplated allowing the Reichstag from the third day of December until Christmas only a week of legislative activity, has created a feeling of mild Under the circumstances a great many

nembers will not care to incur the expense and fatigues incident to making the jour-ney from their homes to Berlin for the sake of being present in the chamber for so short a time, especially as nothing is known as to the intentions of the ministers to introduce contentious measures.

It is probable, therefore, that the first

part of the session will be marked by great difficulty in maintaining a quorum. Al important bills introduced in the interval between December 3 and the Christmas recess will be referred to committees pend-

ing the resumption of the sittings of the chamber in January.

The official press excuses the delay in convening the Reichstag by the fact that the Bundesrath has not yet decided upon any legislative programme for the session, but a better reason for the delay is Prince. but a better reason for the delay is Prince Hohenlohe's well-known distaste for all business associated with the sittings of the Reichstag, he having a positive dislike for even an occasional enforced attendance, as triguing the official wining and dining and, in fact, almost everything connected, even remotely, with parliamentary proceedings. GOVERNMENT BUDGET.

Concerning the plans of the government, the hadret revision of the workingmen's nsurance laws, a bourse reform bill and a revision of the commercial laws constitute the part of the programme of the ministers that is known to the public. Among the estimates the navy budget alone demands the slight increase of 534.

231 marks. The ordinary expenditure allows for the construction of one first-class fronclad, three cruisers, one tor-pedo division boat, and eight torpedo boats, for all of which the first installments are asked.

The atmost economy has been observed and it is certain that the budget will not excite anybody. There is one element of disturbance before the ministers, however, and that is the resurgence of the ever, and that is the resurgence of the agrarian and bi-metallic agitation.

The Bi-metallic League field a meeting yesterday and decided to demand that Prince Hobenhole fulful his pledge to arrange for the holding of an international

arrange for the holding of an international monetary conference, and as the first step toward its fulfilment to negotiate the basis of the conference with the govern-ments of the United States and France. This haying been done, the Kruez Zeitung announces, it is the intention of the agrarians to raise the question of the

nation of state granaries in which stocks formation of state granaries in which stocks of cereals may be stored so as to prevent fluctuations in the grain market.

The demands of the agrarians are destiped to play a leading part in the session and can be summed up as comprising state monopoly of grain, the transit of grain to warehouses duty free, an increase of the sugar export bountles, and a further increase of import duties upon most

FORTY-SEVEN SOCIALISTS. The election by the Socialists of Dort-mund of Herr Leutgenau, editor of the Dortmund Arbeiter Zeitung, gives the Socialists forty-seven seats in the Reichstag.

This was the first election held since the Kaiser appealed to the people to cooperate with the government against socialism, and it is no wonder that the Vorwaerts, the leading Socialist organ, exults over the result and declares that

"this is the people's answer."

The count of the balloting shows that Herr Luetgenau received 24,465 votes, against 21,408 cast for the national Liberal candidates who opposed him. The Centrists held the balance of the vote, but under the instructions of their party leaders they abstained from voting, and the Socialist candidate consequently owes his election to the Centrists.

The fact that Herr Leutgenau was sent

to jail for five months the day after his election adds to the importance of the victory from a Socialisttic point of view. The North German Gazette, comment-ing upon the election of Herr Leutgenau. takes the Centrists to task for their pa attitude and says that the endeavor to overcome socialism is hopeless if feuds between the political partics of order prevent their co-operation against the common

The Centrists' organs potice by retort ing that the National Liberals have often supported Socialists against Centrist can-didates and declaring that co-operation cannot be one-sided.

The socialists of Pforzheim, in the duchy Baden, have refused to recognize the de-cision of the social democratic congress re-cently held in Breslau in expelling their delegate, Dr. Reudt, and have therefore re-

solved to secede from the party organiza-

solved to secede from the party organization.

This action has met with popular approval among Socialists in the vicinity
and Socialist circles in Baden generally are
likely to follow the example of their brethren.

The expectation which has been prevalent in official circles, that peace would
be maintained in the east, is vastly increased by advices received from Constantinople today that the six great powers
are acting in concert to perfect plans of
cc-operation in the event of the Sultan's
becoming contumacions, and it is understood that the arrangements are so fixed
that there can be no discord.

In the meantime an insight has been had

that there can be no discord.

In the meantime an insight has been had into the nomination of Tewfik Pasha, late Turkish Ambassador here, as minister of foreign affairs at Constantinople, and that, too, is held to be a good sign

here.

During the period of his service as Ambassador, Tewfik earned the high esteem of Prince Hohenlohe and the other high officials with whom he was brought into contact in Berlin, and be has their full Turkban Pasha, who has been appointed

# MONEY PLENTIFUL IN JAPAN

Prices Gone Up and Railways Doing a Big Business.

Terms for Restoring the Lino-Tung Peninsula - Dissemination of Anti-Christian Literature,

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 9.—Special cor-respondence of the United Press, per

steamship Hankow. Tokio, Oct. 25.-Great commercial activity prevails in Japan. The large sums tot of the expended in the province on acco war, the wages earned by the la well as the debates, the incessant party in-triguing, the official wining and dining, and. that a sudden and marked appreciation in prices has taken place in almost every class of commodities. The railways are doing an immense business and an air of

Kagoshima, the southern province of Japan recently broke into violent eruptions. men and one weman that happened to be ascending the mountain at the time, were

The conference to discuss the restoration of the Liao-Tung peninsula opened in Pekinon October 17. The Japanese plenipo-tentiary demanded: Pirst, an indemnity of 30,000,000 tacls; second, that the Chinese government should pledge itself not to cede peninsula to any other nation; third that Talien. Talunet and Takushan should

Talien is on the east coast of the peninsula within twenty-two miles of Port Arthur. Takushan and Talung are on the Yalu River. Japs 's object is evidently to secure the A batch of nine men have been executed

at Cheng To for participating in at Cheig-Tu for participating in the Zeechuan riots of last May.

The men that made such a savage attack on Dr. Shefrieid in Tung Chow three months ago, nearly accomplishing his death, are confined in Tung Chow prison, their hands free, but their feet in wooden stocks. They threaten, if they ever get out, to kill every foreigner they can find and to make mincement of Dr. Sheffield.
Another insurrection has broken out in
China. It is "Kwang Tung at a place on
the seacoast some 500 miles to the northeast of Canton. The affair is not yet se-

rious, but local officials have failed to quell it.

The dissemination of anti-Christian literature is again becoming active in China. It emanates from Hunan, and is traced to Chou-Han, an old offender in this respect. Chou originally distinguished himself by compiling a brochare entitled "Death to the Devil's Religion."

### DAN STUART IN MEXICO. He Is Arranging for the Fight at

Chilhuahua.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 9.—Dan Stuart, president of the Florida Athletic Club, arrived here today from Ballas. All he has to say is that it is evident to newspapers what he is here for.

Stuart will go to Chilhuahua for a conference with Goy. Abunada and it is thought

Stuart will go to Chimania for a conference with Gov. Ahumada, and 't is thought a prize fight is certain at Juarez. Buil fights, with a big display by the celebrated McGinbi Club, will be given in connection with the big fight.

Everybody here is decidedly hopeful. Stuart lays the failure of the fight at Dallas to the premotive publication of Dallas to the premature publication of plans by the newspapers.

Judge Thurman No Worse, Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 8.—At 11 p. m. ex-Senator Thurman's condition was reported to be without material change. He is perfectly conscious, takes nourishment with apparent relish, but is very weak, and sleeps much of the time.

The undeniable fact that these Bitters are composed in the main of Speer's Wine, with Pergylan Bark, Snake Rout, etc., analyzed and recommended to invalids and analyzed and recommended to invalids and the Medical Profession, by the best Chemists in the United States, cannot fail in in spiring confidence in the use of these Malarial Bitters.

# Trumbo of Utah Takes Exception to Sherman's Remar's.

WESTERNERS WILL REBEL

Objects to the Ohio Senator's Declaration That There Will Be No Senate Reorganization Until 1897-Says It's a Scheme to Keep Silver Senators From Committees,

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 9 .- The statement appearing in the press dispatches that Eastern Republicans, prominent among whom is John Sherman, have declared that the United States Senate would not be reorganized in 1896 whether or not Utah's Senators take their sents this winter, in order to avoid a possible compromise with

order to avoid a possible compromise with the silver men, aroused the ire of the Western Republicans.

Col. Isaac Trumbo, the Western silver champion, who will likely be one of the new Senators from Utah, said to a Uelted Press reporter that the declarations served to forewarn and forearm the adherents of the silver cause and while Sherman and his co-workers might prevent a re-organization this winter, there would come organization this winter, there would come a season for retribution in 1897, when sliver advocates might noise with the Demo-crats and retain the latter as chairmen of the different committees.

IMPOLITIC AND UNJUST. "It is impolitic and unjust," he said, "for any section of the party to bulldoze an apparent minority and flaunt their prowess in the face of ardent champions of the cause of protection because they differ on the money question. The silver question bears the same relation to the East that the tariff needed protection for we are not manufacturers, but for the benefit of the whole country the Western voter has presented an individent front for thirty years in behalf of Republicanism. The East is not directly in terested in eilver, but for the anyancement of the entire country her people should be

of the entire country her people should be even firmer advocates than the West.

"That is the view taken by us sliver men, and when we are to be ostracised from the party because of our beliefs and convictions, the degree of ungratefulness exhibited is only equalled by Sherman's heartless criticism of our martyred President, James Garfield. Let the Republicans of the East beware. We will submit to a fair presentment of our case before the voters of the United States and be reconciled to their decision, but our influence can to their decision, but our influence can never be stifled by political legerdenain or gold bug intrigue. Many more such declarations will leave western Repub-licans without hope and drive them from

ELECTION IN CONGRESS. "I would also point to the fact that such a result would likely throw the election next year into Congress, and if such tion next year into Congress, and it such should occur, it would be impossible to elect a Republican President, on a gold platform, each State having but one vote, thus giving thirteen out of the forty-five votes to the silver States. The silver men today are in a better position and more powerful in the United States than was the Parnell party in England in 1885, when it overthrew an English ministry and placed Gladstone in power as premier. These matters should be carefully considered by our party leaders before making such rash tions as are credited to Sherman.

# HAS CLOSED ITS SESSION.

Methodist Church Extension Board Meets Next in Philadelphia.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—The closing session of the church extension board of the Metho-dist Episcopal Church was held to-day, when the report of the general committee to when the reported tag check with will meet in Cleveland next May was considered.

Two subjects referred to in the report called forth animated discussions, one being a request to the conference to devise a plan for increasing the funds of the society, and the other vexed questions of loans and donations to churches costing over

The afternoon session was taken up in considering the appointment of a committee to meet just before the general conference for the purpose of making recommendations to that body on some minor matters which the present board had not found time to deal with. In the end no action was taken deal with. In the end no action was taken and the various motions were ordered to be left out of the records.

held in Philadelphia as was the custom until

Germantown Memorial Dedicated. by the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution in Germantown, which marks the site of the encampment of the main Continental army under Gen. Wash-ington before and after the battle of Brandywine in 1777, was dedicated this after

#### LEXOWING THE QUAKER CITY. Investigation of Philadelphia's Municipal Affairs Begins Tomorrow.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—Chairman Andrew, of the committee appointed by the late State senate, to investigate the municipal affairs of Philadelphia, stated that everything was in readiness for the investigation to begin on Monday. The committee will meet Monday afternoon, but it has not yet been decided whether any witness will be examined at the first meeting.

It is stated on reliable authority that thus fr is stated on reliable attacks for the talk far about 100 witnesses have been acheduled to testify before the committee. These have been obtained through the exertion of the Citizens' Municipal Association, which organization has furnished the committee with \$20,000 with which to carry on the investigation.

on the investigation.

Municipal contracts are expected to fur nishtheopening subject for the investigation. Silas W. Pettit, president of the Union League Club, of this city, and a well-snown attorney, will be the chief inquisitor.

# SPANISH ARMS DEFEATED

Heavy Battle Fought Near the City of Guanojay.

Gupbout Et Indio Now Feared to Be a Total Less, Effort to Float Her Having Failed.

(Special to The Times.)

Copyrighted by James Gordon Bennett.) Havana, Cuba, Nov. 9.-A battle has been fought near the city of Guanojay. The government troops were defeated. The Spanish gunboat El Indio, which went ashore near Trinidad during the cyclone, is still aground, all efforts made so far to get her off having proved in vain, and it is now feared that she will

have to be abandoned. The engagement at Cayo Espino confirms previous reports that large bodies of in-surgent forces have succeeded in invad-ing the province of Matanzas, and are now menacing frontier towns in the province of Havann.

Conservative estimates now place this year's sugar output at a million tons less than that of last year.

# FAST ON THE ROCKS.

Small Chance for the Puritan to Get Off Great Gull,

New London, Conn., Nov. 9.—Latest advices from steamer Puritan, on the rocks at Great Gull Island, is that the ves sel has small chance of getting off for several days. She is hard and fast on the rocks and it is said that boulders project through her bottom pretty well forward. The Puritan is making little water this The Purish is making inthe water his evening and lies easy on the north side of Rig Guil. She is two feet out of water forward, with four feet of water at the stern, the vessel lying east and west on shore.

The jussengers have only words of praise for the way they were treated while on the boat.

Comparent vessel masters who have seen

on the boat.

Competent vessel masters who have seen the vessel say she will not be got off in several days and that the task of floating her will be a difficult one. She is very close to where the steamer Braham was

where the shearler framam was wrecked nearly a score of years ago and where her hones were left because it was impossible to float her.

A northeast gale would break up the Puritan, so redoubled effort will be made to float her before the prevailing wind can shift, a hard northwester being the worst. on in which the unfortunate

# craft could be placed.

Do Pstablished There Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 9 .- It has eaked out from a high official source that

the government will establish a military post for both infantry and cavalry troops at Chickamauga Park. But the plans of the War Department are being jealously guarded until after the approaching session of Congress, from which a liberal appropriation will be

The plans contemplate incidentally the locating of a rifle range, an artillery range of three miles, and a training field within the park, which will be hedged around its immense area with a stone

wall. The park will also become the training ground for West Point cadets, and a course of training on this historic field will be made a part of the school's curriculum. The work will be completed with in a year.

some time past a marked tendency in the military policy of the department has been the drawing in of the army lines from remote frontier posts and stationing them near the center of population and within easy access by rall, whereby quick

# TUREATENING A FAMILY

Alberta Mason's Death Stirs Up Her Relatives and Friends,

Alberta Mason, colored, employed as a domestic in the family of Charles Brogan, at No. 718 F street southwest, was fatally burned by an explosion of gasoline in her employer's kitchen on Thursday, as stated in The Times.
Since that time the friends and relatives of the dead girl, who live in Burk's court, have appeared before the Brogan residence

in force, and it is said that threats have been made against the people within Mrs. Brogan is suffering from nervous prostration, and Policemen Banagan and McGuire have done most of their duty at

Stranded and Abandoned

Beaufort, N. C., Nov. 9.—The schooner Martin C. Ebell, with a cargo of lumber has been abandoned and stranded at Kin-nekest. There are no tidings of the crew. They are supposed to have been taken off ey are supposed to have been taken of some passing vessel, as the boats an sonal effects were gone.

Railroad Employes Uncertain. Olean, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Employes of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Rail road here will hold a meeting Sunday and decide definitely whether they will join their fellow-workmen who are now striking for a 10 per cent, increase in wages at Oil City, Pa.

Reads Like a Fairy Tale, The following story about Fine Custo The following story about Fine Custom made Garments, made by fashlonable tailors, of the very latest styles, which many of you are in need of just now, at less than half their original measured price. You'll wonder how such fine garments can be sold so low, but don't stop to figure it out. Be quick to seize the golden opportunity. Here's what we offer for today and tomorrow: \$20 custom made suits or overcoats at \$8; \$25 custom made suits or overcoats at \$10; \$30 custom made Frank Lenz's Murderers to Be Tried.

Constantinople, Nov.9.—Theorem Kurds, who are accused of murdering Frank Lenz, the Pittsburg cyclist, who was making a tour of the world, have been taken to Erzeroum for trial. The British consul will conduct the case on behalf of the United States.

Builts or overcoats at \$10: \$30 custom made suits or overcoats at \$15: \$40 custom suits or overcoats at \$15: \$40 custom suit

# MILLIONS LOST IN A DAY

THREE CENTS.

Mining Shares Craze Causes a Collapse on Paris Bourse.

GREAT FINANCIAL CRISIS

Kings, Brokers and Actresses En-

guifed in Common Ruin-Baron Alphonse de Rothschild Tells the Minister of Finance What Caused the Catastrophe.

(Special to The Times.)

(Copyrighted by James Gordon Bennett.)
Paris, Nov. 9.—Political events, though these were of great importance, were eclipsed today by financial incidents, which are assuming the proportions of a catastrophe.
The Paris Bourse was today like a

battlefield after the defeat. Up to 2 o'clock nothing but the customary shouting was to be heard. All was dull and quiet, the public standing round the great bankers to watch their faces. The fact is that if the crisis continues no one can tell what

will happen.

The number of banking houses that have closed their doors is very great, but the number of private persons who have been ruined is still greater. All classes of society were carried away by the mining craze. The oldest actress of the Theater Francaise is rulned. A former king has been obliged to pay \$4,000,000 through a Jewish banker, who is a friend of his. MORE MILLIONS LOST.

A Smyrna speculator, who has ruled the Bourse for five years, loses \$25, 000,000. The head of an establishment that is known everywhere loses \$15,000, 000 and his eldest brother is said to be so

000 and his eldest brother is said to be so angry that he refuses to assist him in carrying forward on the Bourse to the end of the month, which would cutail a still greater catastrophe.

However, this morning the finance minister summoned M. Verneuil, the broker, and Baron Alphonse de Rothschild to ask for their opinions. These gentlemen declared that the crisis was due to the fact that the people-sold Turkish and French securities to buy mining shares, and that when they wished to sell their mining shares they were unable to find purchasers, and the crisis came. and the crisis came.

Politics, however, have also influenced the crisis. The struggle is not so much one between radicals and moderates as between the ministry actually in power and the occult ministry framed by the

financiers, who are fighting their battle both in press and parimment—a circum-stance which renders the situation highly interesting to those who are behind the M. Ribot was doomed last spring. He was saved for a time by the Elet celebrations, but he allowed himself to fall when he saw that the affairs of the Southern railways were about to occasion fresh parliamentary scanduls. He had already been obliged to make the Panama affair what, in memory of 1793, is called "Premiere Charrette," and he had no wish for a second.

SITUATION NOT PROMISING. M. Bourgeois accepted the office he had not sought, and at first tried to form a ministry of less radical tendencies. But the syndicate I have referred to prevented all the underates from taking part in the combination, and so M. Bourgeois formed. a radical ministry, with a policy of kenesty and particular. He will have to contend against all those who are afraid of such

policy. The truth, however, is that 500 deputies are honest; thirty-two are great fine with finance, but there remain about fifty who are creatures of the syndicate, with strong influence in the press, and this is the element that calls for purification The question, therefore, is whether or not the ministry will have time to effect the work of purification before the syn-dicate sets its numerous influences to work. The internal situation accordingly is not promising, and neither is the international outlook, but the romors that have been circulated on the bourses of Europe are false. It was said that the Austrian army was marching from Herzegovina, that the English fleet was steaming toward the

Bosphorus and that the Russian army was marching upon Armenia. It is all faise.
The truth is that diplomacy is exerting terrible pressure at Constantinople to settle the Turkish question and that for the moment diplomacy alone is being resorted to, but no one in Europe can undertake to say that a week later the situation will be the same. JACQUES ST. CERE.

THEIR MAN WAS DEAD.

Robert Nelson Died Before the Warrant Was Served Danvers, Mass., Nov. 9.-Two State officers came to fins town last night with a requisition from the Governor of North Carolina, for a young man named Robert Nelson, who was wanted on a charge of burglary in that State, Nelson died a few days ago at Danvers-

port and was buried by the poor department of the town. He came here a few weeks ago on a lumber vessel and, stating that he had trouble with the crew, he declined to reimbark. He obtained employment on a farm.

He was taken ill with pneumonia about a week ago and died in a day or two. Irra Waddy Goes Ashore. Asbury, Park, Nov. 9.—The steamship Irra Waddy, Capt. Francis Byers, went ashore at 2:30 o'clock this affermoon at the foot of Third avenue, Asbury Park. She now lies in fifteen feet of water.

The sea is smooth and the indications are that the steamer will be floated at the next high water, which is at 12 tonight. Auction Sales Tuesday Ratcliffe, Sutton & Co., 920 Pennsyl-

Ratcliffe, Sutton & Co., 920 Pennsylvania avenue—Huron street, between Columbia and Sheridan avenues, frame dwelling, lot 23, block 17, Meridian Hill; by order of 1. W. Nordlinger and P. A. Darneille, trustees. Sale Tuesday, November 12, 4:30 p. m.

Duncanson Brothers, Ninth and D streets northwest—Sunderland place northwest, No. 1912, three-story brick dwelling, lot 73, square 115; by order of M. Ashford and C. H. Williamson, trustees. Sale Tuesday, November 12, 4 p. m.

Thomas Dowling & Co., 612 E street northwest—No. 1635 P street northwest, three-story brick dwelling, lot 13, square 180. Sale Tuesday, November 12, 430

180. Sale Tuesday, November 12, 4:30 p. m. Walter B. Williams & Co., 1001 Pennsylvania avenue northwest—No. 903 R street northwest, three-stroy brick dwelling, lot 5, square 363; by order of H O. Claughton, assignee. Sale Tuesday, November 12, 4:30 p. m. No. 1616 Vermont avenue, northwest, three story brick dwelling, lot C. square 277 ; by order of same. Sale Tuesday, November 12, 5 p. m.

Dyrenforth's \$10 Sults, There's an indescribable something about Dyrenforth's fit that is not found usually